

LITTLE LEAGUE BASEBALL RULES QUIZ

How well do you know Little League baseball rules?
Answer True or False to each of the following statements:

- 1 The ball is dead on a foul tip.
- 2 A batted ball that hits the plate is a foul ball.
- 3 The base coach can't leave the coach's box during play or he/she will be guilty of interference.
- 4 A batter-runner cannot overrun first base on a base-on-balls.
- 5 A fly ball that is deflected over the fence in fair territory is a ground rule double.
- 6 A base runner cannot be guilty of interference on a ground ball if he/she doesn't touch the fielder.
- 7 A batter who bats out of order is out.
- 8 The pitcher always gets eight warm-up pitches between innings.
- 9 If a pitch hits a batter's hands it's considered a foul ball, since the hands are considered part of the bat.
- 10 When the catcher blocks the plate without the ball, it should be called interference.
- 11 On close plays into home, the base runner must slide or he/she will be called out.
- 12 A batter hitting the ball twice is OK, if it's not intentional.
- 13 In order to be called out on a foul ball, the batted ball must go higher than the batter's head.
- 14 If a fielder holds a fly ball for two seconds it's a legal catch, even if he/she drops it thereafter.
- 15 A runner who runs more the three feet away from a direct line between bases is out of the baseline and should be called out.
- 16 In order to satisfy the mandatory playing rule, players must play six consecutive defensive outs.
- 17 If a batter is batting out of turn, the scorekeeper should let the umpire know.
- 18 When it's getting dark, the league president or safety officer can order the game halted.
- 19 On a double play ball, it's mandatory for the runner going into second to slide or get out of the way.
- 20 The batter is out if tagged when he/she turns to the left after crossing first base.
- 21 It can't be an Infield Fly if the infielder is standing on the outfield grass.
- 22 In order for a runner to be called out for interference, it must be intentional.
- 23 The home plate umpire can over-rule another umpire if he/she has more experience or a better look at the play.
- 24 When the batter backs out of the box when a pitch is delivered, it's an automatic strike.
- 25 The batter is out when he/she hits the ball when he/she is touching home plate.
- 26 A base coach cannot touch a runner. If he/she does, the runner is out.

- 27 A runner cannot be called out if hit by a batted ball while standing on a base.
- 28 In order to make a proper appeal play, the pitcher must first take the ball back to the mound.
- 29 A batter cannot change from the left-handed to the right-handed batter's box after two strikes.
- 30 If the pitch hits the ground before the batter hits it, the ball is dead.
- 31 The batter is not out for interference with the catcher if he/she stays in the batter's box.
- 32 All appeals must be made verbally.
- 33 Tagging the runner running from first on a ground ball is a tag play, not a force out.
- 34 Judgment calls can be appealed if the manager feels that the umpire missed the call.
- 35 When a relief pitcher replaces an injured pitcher, he/she gets as many warm-up pitches as he/she wants.
- 36 Contact must occur for interference or obstruction to be called.
- 37 If a fielder runs into an umpire while chasing a fly ball, this is interference and the batter should be called out.
- 38 The batter-runner is always out if he runs outside the running lane after a bunted ball.
- 39 Any Little League player who slides headfirst at any time is out.
- 40 If the batter breaks his wrists when swinging, it's a strike.
- 41 Tie goes to the runner.
- 42 Runners may not run the bases in reverse order.
- 43 A runner may not steal on a foul tip.
- 44 It is a force out when a runner is called out for not tagging up on a fly ball.
- 45 An appeal on a runner who missed a base cannot be a force out.
- 46 Runners may not advance when an infield fly is called.
- 47 The batter does not get first base if hit by a pitch after it bounces.
- 48 You must tag the base with your foot on a force out or appeal.
- 49 If a player's feet are in fair territory when the ball is touched, it is a fair ball.
- 50 On an overthrow out of play, each runner gets the base he/she is going to plus one additional base.
- 51 The ball is dead anytime the ball hits an umpire.
- 52 Runners must stay on their bases until the pitcher releases the ball.